

OWNER'S MANUAL

Marshall

WARNING! IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

1) Read these instructions.

2) Keep these instructions.

3) Heed all warnings.

4) Follow all instructions.

Do not use this apparatus near water.

6) Clean only with dry cloth.

7) Do not install near any heat sources such as radiators, heat registers, stoves, or other apparatus (including amplifiers) that produce heat.

8) Do not defeat the safety purpose of the polarized or grounding-type plug. A polarized plug has two blades with one wider than the other. A grounding type plug has two blades and a third grounding

This "bolt of lightning" symbol indicates uninsulated material within your unit may cause an electric shock. For the safety of everyone in your household, please do not remove product covering.

The "exclamation point" calls attention to features for which A you should read the enclosed literature closely to prevent operating and maintenance problems.

energy and, if not installed

and used in accordance with

the instructions, may cause

harmful interference to radio

communications. However,

there is no guarantee that

interference will not occur

in a particular installation. If

this equipment does cause

harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can

equipment off and on, the user

is encouraged to try to correct

Reorient or relocate the

Increase the separation

- Connect the equipment into

from that to which the receiver

of the following measures:

receiving antenna.

is connected.

be determined by turning the body.

COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

This device complies with Part can radiate radio frequency 15 of the FCC Rules.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Warning. Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance the interference by one or more Industry Canada caution. could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to between the equipment and Part 15 of the FCC Rules. receiver. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in an outlet on a circuit different a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and

outlet

9) Protect the power cord from being walked on or pinched particularly at plugs, convenience receptacles, and the point where they exit from the apparatus.

10) Only use attachments/accessories specified by the manufacturer.

11) Unplug this apparatus during lightning storms or when unused for long periods of

12) Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel. Servicing is required when the apparatus has been damaged in any

an

This

with

prong. The wide blade or the third prong way, such as power-supply cord or plug are provided for your safety. If the provided is damaged, liquid has been spilled or plug does not fit into your outlet, consult an objects have fallen into the apparatus, electrician for replacement of the obsolete the apparatus has been exposed to rain or moisture, does not operate normally, or has been dropped.

> 13) WARNING: To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, do not expose this apparatus to rain or moisture.

14) The appliance coupler is used as the disconnect device, the disconnect device shall remain readily operable.

15) The apparatus shall not be exposed to dripping or splashing and that no objects filled with liquid, such as vases, shall be placed on the apparatus.



Francais

Canada

licence

ďen

fonctionnement

présent appareil est

applicables

aux

le

conforme aux CNR d'Industrie

appareils radio exempts de

L'exploitation est autorisée aux

(1) l'appareil ne doit pas

produire de brouillage, et

(2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil

doit accepter tout brouillage

radioélectrique subi, même si le

brouillage est susceptible

compromettre

deux conditions suivantes:

1e

Consult the dealer or

experienced

equipment

FCC RF

exposure limits set forth for an

uncontrolled environment. This

equipment should be installed

and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters

between the radiator and your

This device complies with

Industry Canada licence-

Operation is subject to the

(1) This device may not cause

interference, and (2) This device

must accept any interference.

including interference that may

cause undesired operation of

exempt RSS standard(s).

following two conditions:

technician for help.

radio/TV

complies

radiation

INTRODUCTION

CODE is a new generation of Marshall amplifier. Fully programmable, CODE combines authentic modelling of classic and contemporary Marshall tones with professional guality FX. CODE preamp, power amp and speaker cabinet models have been developed in collaboration with audio software pioneers Softube to create Marshall-Softube (MST) modelling. Featuring Bluetooth[®] & USB connectivity, and Marshall Gateway™ compatibility, CODE is a powerful tool that lets you make music your way.

OVERVIEW

CODE is loaded with sonic possibilities. It has 14 MST preamps, 4 MST power amps and 8 MST speaker cabinets. CODE features 24 FX: including Compressor, stompbox Distortions, Auto Wah, Pitch Shifter, Chorus, Vibrato, Phaser, Vibes, Flanger and Tremolo. It includes Studio, Vintage, Multi and Reverse Delays, Tap Tempo, and studio quality Reverbs. Including Gate, you can have up to 5 FX simultaneously.

Using the Marshall Gateway App for your iOS or Android device you can control CODE's settings remotely via Bluetooth and share Presets with other CODE users. You can stream audio from your device, computer or MP3 player through CODE's speaker or headphones for practice, or iam along with tracks from your music library. Connect via USB to use your CODE amplifier as a DAW interface.

We sincerely hope that you enjoy your CODE amplifier and we wish you every success, whatever your performance situation. Thank you for choosing Marshall.

- The Marshall Team

CODE25 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

Power (RMS) Presets Speaker Footcontroller Weight Size (in mm) Connectivity

25 Watts 100 User editable Presets 10" Custom Voiced 4-Way Programmable (PEDL-91009, Sold separately) 8 kg 350 x 340 x 215 Bluetooth[®] 4.0 & USB 2.0

ENGLISH

the device.

((2200

MARSHALL AMPLIFIER HISTORY

MST modelling recreates the tonal and sonic characteristics of some of the most successful and respected amplifier preamps from the past fifty plus years.

JTM45™

The JTM45 was the first Marshall amplifier. It was made in 1962 by Jim Marshall and his small team of engineers in a workshop at his music store in Hanwell, London. This 30 Watt two channel amplifier began a revolution that changed forever the sound of rock and blues music. The JTM45 is still made today as part of the Vintage Re-Issue[™] Series and Handwired[™] Series.

1962 Bluesbreaker™

The 1962 Bluesbreaker was the first combo made by Marshall. Launched in 1965, it had two 12" speakers with an output of 30 Watts. The 1962 was famously used by Eric Clapton on the influential blues album 'John Mayall's Bluesbreakers' in 1966 – hence the 1962's 'Bluesbreaker' nickname. The 1962 Bluesbreaker is still made today as part of the Vintage Re-Issue Series[™] and Handwired[™] Series.

1959™ Plexi™

To the minds and ears of many, the 100 Watt Super Lead heads of the mid to late 1960s are the holy grail of great rock tone. Being non-master-volume, when cranked, the 1959 power valves overdrive producing highly responsive, harmonically rich tones. The 1959 amplifier is still made today as part of the Vintage Re-Issue Series[™] and Handwired[™] Series.

JCM800 2203™

The 2203 is one of the most important amplifiers Marshall has ever made. It evolved in the '70s from the JMP and 1959 Plexi heads. In the '80s the 2203 became the JCM800 2203 we know today: a straightforward single channel amplifier that was favoured by the heavy metal scene that dominated much of that decade. Its popularity remained well into the '90s with the emergence of Grunge and Britpop, and it's still revered today and is considered the benchmark by which modern all metal amplifiers are measured.

JCM2555[™] Silver Jubilee[™]

The 25/50 Silver Jubilee Series was created in 1987 to celebrate the 25th anniversary of the founding of Marshall Amplification and 50 years of Jim Marshall being in the music business. Based on the JCM800 2203 and 2204[™] Master Volume models, Silver Jubilee amplifiers had a special preamp circuit that featured three gain 'modes' which were Clean, Rhythm Clip and a switchable Lead Channel. The 2555 was the 100 Watt head in the Jubilee series, which was a limited edition. By popular demand the JCM2555 was re-issued as the 2555X[™] in 2015.

JCM2000[™] DSL100[™]

Launched in 1997, the JCM2000 Dual Super Lead's 'dual mode' design meant that guitarists could choose either a Clean or Crunch tone from the Classic Gain Channel, whilst the Ultra Gain Channel provided two lead sounds: Lead 1 & Lead 2. This tonal versatility was aided by the Deep and Tone Shift features. It is the JCM2000 DSL100's tonal range and versatility that made it massively popular in its day, so much so, that its legacy lives on in the current DSL Series.

MARSHALL AMPLIFIER HISTORY (CONT.)

JVM410H™

When the JVM410H launched in 2006 it caused quite a stir. This 100 Watt head is an allvalve tonal monster that has four channels, each with three modes: Green, Orange and Red, offering guitarists a range of 12 unique tones. Each mode reconfigures the channel gain stages in order to develop different amounts of gain and tone. The JVM410H's vast tonal spectrum makes it the most versatile amplifier Marshall has ever made, used by many professional players.

POWER AMPLIFIERS

MST modelling recreates four classic and vintage valve power output topologies. A valve power stage is a vital part of an all-valve amplifier's sound and its tonal character.

SPEAKER CABINETS

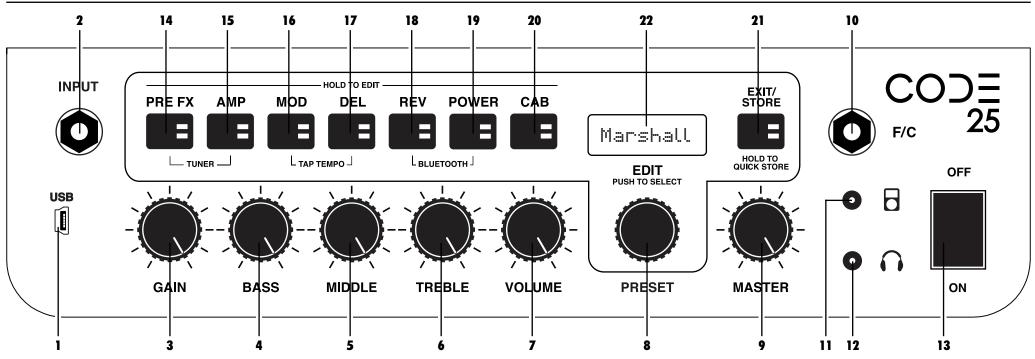
Marshall speaker cabinets are perhaps as famous as Marshall amplifiers. The iconic $4 \times 12^{"}$ design has changed little since Jim Marshall designed the first one in 1965. Since then the Marshall $4 \times 12^{"}$ has become the touchstone for all other speaker cabinets. MST modelling recreates the sonic characteristics of eight classic Marshall speaker cabinets, including a variety of $4 \times 12^{"}$, $2 \times 12^{"} \& 1 \times 12^{"}$ speaker configurations. Marshall speaker cabinets differ not only in their speaker configurations, but in the speakers that they use, how they are wired and the size of the cabinet.

GETTING STARTED

To begin using CODE:

- Ensure that the power ON/OFF switch is set to the OFF position (#13 in this manual).
- Connect the supplied power cord to the rear power socket of the amplifier before plugging into the mains electricity supply.
- Plug your guitar cable into the amplifier INPUT jack socket (#2 in this manual).
- Set the MASTER volume control to zero (#9 in this manual).
- Turn the amplifier ON using the ON/OFF switch.
- Gradually turn the MASTER up to your desired volume level.
- Turn the PRESET selector to explore your CODE amplifier's factory Presets (#8 in this manual).

FRONT PANEL FUNCTIONS



1. USB

Connect via USB to use CODE as a DAW interface, to play tracks from your music library, to get firmware updates and control via MIDI.

To record with CODE using your DAW:

• Connect to your computer via USB.

 Select your CODE amplifier as the input source on your computer and within your DAW.

To stream audio from your computer through CODE:

- Connect to your computer via USB.
- Select your CODE amplifier as your computer's output source.
- Use the MASTER control to adjust the volume level (#9 in this manual).

To get CODE firmware updates:

http://my.marshall.com/Downloads

Follow this link to quickly and easily keep your CODE amplifier's firmware up to date.

MIDI data:

• Your CODE amplifier can also send and receive MIDI data related to the front panel controls via the USB.

2. INPUT

Use this jack socket to connect your guitar to the amplifier. Use a good quality screened/shielded guitar cable to help prevent noise interference.

3. GAIN

Controls the amount of Gain introduced to a Preset. The higher the Gain, the harder the preamp is driven.

4. BASS

Turning the BASS control will adjust the warmth and low-end depth of your sound.

5. MIDDLE

Adjusting the MIDDLE control will vary the amount of body in your sound by boosting or cutting midrange frequencies.

6. TREBLE

Increasing the TREBLE will make your sound brighter and more cutting. Turning the TREBLE down will decrease tonal edge and make the sound softer.

7. VOLUME

Controls the volume level within a selected Preset.

Because GAIN, BASS, MIDDLE, TREBLE & VOLUME are stored as part of a Preset, these panel tone controls only become active when they are used. This means that until they are turned their position is not related to their setting within a Preset. When you turn a tone control it becomes active. The display screen will show its current setting and the stored setting.

When a GAIN, BASS, MIDDLE, TREBLE or VOLUME control is activated the EXIT/STORE LED will flash red to show that the Preset's stored settings have changed.

8. PRESET

A Preset is a combination of preamp, power amp & speaker models, with tonal settings and FX: Chorus, Flanger, Tremolo, Delay etc, stored to a single location within your CODE amplifier's memory. This is like a 'snapshot' of the whole amplifier's settings (excluding MASTER), which can be recalled using the PRESET selector, or with the optional CODE footcontroller.

Turn the PRESET selector to explore your CODE amplifier's factory Presets.



To discover how to edit a Preset, go to 'EDITING A PRESET' in this manual

9. MASTER

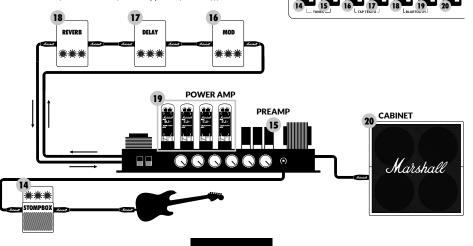
Controls the overall volume level of your CODE amplifier.

MASTER Volume control settings are not stored as part of a Preset.

SECTION SWITCHES (14 - 20)

The Section Switches represent different 'sections' in the guitar signal chain. This is the route that a guitar signal travels through a conventional amplifier setup from the guitar to the loud speaker(s).

Pressing the Section Switches (#14 – #20 in this manual) will activate (Red LED on) and bypass (LED off) that Section.



10. F/C

Use this jack socket to connect the CODE footcontroller (PEDL-91009 sold separately).

11. MP3 PLAYER INPUT

Use this dedicated mini-jack socket to connect an MP3 player to practice with or jam along to music.

12. HEADPHONE OUTPUT

Use this mini-jack socket to connect headphones for 'silent' practice. This can also be used as a line out.

13. ON/OFF

This is the mains power ON/OFF switch.

FRONT PANEL FUNCTIONS (CONT.)

14. PRE FX

This is where you will find FX that would typically plug into a conventional amplifier between the guitar and the amplifier's input. These FX would typically be in pedal form, and also known as 'stompboxes'. The 'stompbox' FX in the PRE FX section are:



F

Compressor

Compressor affects an audio signal's dynamic range. CODE's compressor decreases, or 'compresses', any part of your guitar sound that peaks above a certain threshold. Any part of your guitar sound that remains below the threshold is unaffected. Compressor can add clarity and consistency to your guitar sound whether clean or overdriven. Compressor's editable parameters are:

PARAMETER	VALUE RANGE	DESCRIPTION
Tone	0 - 10	Adjusts the Compressor's higher and lower frequencies.
Ratio	0 - 10	Controls how much Compression is applied to a signal above the threshold.
Compression	0 - 10	Adjusts the point at which Compression is applied to the signal.
Level	0 - 10	Controls the overall volume level of the Compressor.

Distortion

CODE's stompbox Distortion's three Modes simulate solid-state Distortion and Overdrive FX pedals. GUV Mode is a Marshall Guv'nor[™] with Drive and Tone controls. ODR & DIS Modes provide flavours of classic overdrive and distortion stompboxes. Stompbox Distortion is particularly effective when used with classic and vintage MST preamp models to provide more drive and sustain. Distortion's editable parameters are:

PARAMETER	VALUE RANGE	DESCRIPTION
Mode	GUV, ODR & DIS	Marshall Guv'nor, Classic OD pedal & Classic Distortion pedal.
Drive	0 - 10	Controls the amount of Overdrive or Distortion applied to the signal.
Tone	0 - 10	Adjusts the amount of upper mid and higher frequency content in the Overdrive or Distortion before the signal reaches the amplifier panel tone controls.
Level	0 - 10	Controls Distortion's overall volume level.

14. PRE FX (CONT.)

'STOMPBOX' FX

Auto Wah

Auto Wah is a dynamic filter, similar to a Wah Wah pedal. A Wah Wah pedal has a 'rocker' footplate to control the frequency at which the filter operates. Auto Wah has no 'rocker' footplate, so in ENV Mode the rocker automation responds to input level. In LFO Mode the rocker motion is fully automated. Auto Wah's editable parameters are:

Η

PARAMETER	VALUE RANGE	DESCRIPTION
Mode	ENV & LFO	Envelope Filter & Low Frequency Oscillator.
Frequency	0 - 10	Controls the resting frequency, or fully closed posi- tion, of the Wah, thereby setting how far the filter opens when playing.
Sensitivity	0 - 10	ENV Mode: Controls how much the Wah opens in relation to the pick attack. LFO Mode: Controls the speed at which the Wah opens and closes. Set to zero and Auto Wah acts as a fixed rocker Wah.
Resonance	0 - 10	Adjusts the magnitude, bandwidth and shape of the filter's resonant peak.

Pitch Shifter

Pitch Shifter generates chromatic harmonies with the ability to fine tune. This enables you to pitch up or down to produce octaves or 3rd, 4th or 5th harmonies. Pitch Shifter can also produce more discordant, quirkier sounds. Pitch Shifter's editable parameters are:

PARAMETER	VALUE RANGE	DESCRIPTION
Semitone	-12 to +12	Selects the pitch of the generated note chromatically from an octave below to an octave above the note played.
Fine Tune	-50 to +50	Fine tunes the pitch of the generated note.
Regeneration	0 - 10	Adjusts the percentage of the signal fed back into the Pitch Shifter. Set to zero for a single pitch shifted tone.
Mix	0 - 10	Adjusts the balance between the guitar signal and the generated note.

FRONT PANEL FUNCTIONS (CONT.)

15. AMP

AMP is short for preamp. MST modelling faithfully recreates classic and modern Marshall valve tones as well as other famous valve amp tones. Each AMP model creates an authentic preamp setting. The MST preamp models are classified into three groups: Clean, Crunch & Overdrive.

Your CODE amplifier's MST preamp models are:

	— PR	EAMP MODELS
		- CLEAN
JTM45™ CL DSL CL American CL JVM Acoustic Simulator	DSL1 Class JVM4	5 2245 on a clean setting. 00H on the Classic Gain Channel, Clean setting ic American pure-valve sound. 110H on the Clean Channel in Green Mode. ates the sound of an electro-acoustic guitar.
		CRUNCH
Bluesbreaker™ Plexi™ CR American JCM800™ '50s British	1959 Class JCM8	Bluesbreaker combo overdriven. SLP Overdriven. ic American valve overdrive. 800 2203 overdriven (high sensitivity input). ic British valve combo overdrive.
		OVERDRIVE
OD JVM OD DSL OD American OD Silver Jubilee	JVM4 JCM2 Class	410H on OD1 Channel in Red Mode. 2000 DSL Lead 2 Channel. ic American higher gain overdrive. 2555 Silver Jubilee Lead Channel.
		NATURAL
• •	•	to be used with external FX without the tonal np. It provides EQ for tonal shaping and access
		- GATE
it will activate, preventi	ng any sig	your sound level drops below the set threshold nal below that threshold from passing through. uitar signal, following its dynamics, to suppress
PARAMETER VALUE	RANGE	DESCRIPTION

16. MOD

MOD is short for Modulation. Modulation FX in a conventional setup can be in stompbox or rack form and often connect via an amplifier's FX loop:

MODULATION FX



Chorus

Chorus and Vibrato FX apply a subtle pitch variation to the guitar signal taking your sound from shimmering, delicate undulations to full on wobble. This can add depth and width to clean sounds and fatten up solos. Chorus's editable parameters are:

PARAMETER	VALUE RANGE	DESCRIPTION
Mode	CLS & VIB	Classic Chorus & Vibrato.
Speed	0 - 10	Controls the rate of the Chorus or Vibrato effect.
Depth	0 - 10	Adjusts the depth of the Chorus or Vibrato effect.
Tone	0 - 10	Boosts or cuts high $\&$ low frequency content in the sound.

Flanger

Flanger can produce Chorus-like sounds, but is more vivid and is harmonically more complex. It can create weird and wonderful sonic textures, like 'jet plane' Doppler FX and resonant metallic whooshes. Flanger's editable parameters are:

PARAMETER	VALUE RANGE	DESCRIPTION
Mode	JET & MET	Jet Flanger & Metallic Flanger.
Speed	0 - 10	Controls the rate of the Flanger effect.
Depth	0 - 10	Adjusts the depth of the Flanger effect.
Regeneration	0 - 10	Adjusts the amount of signal that is fed back to the effect input, which makes the Flanger effect sharper.

Phaser

Phaser uses all-pass filters to shift the guitar signal very slightly. Modulating the shifted, or phased, signal in relation to the original signal produces the classic Phaser sound - great for tight funky lines, sweeps and swells. Phaser's editable parameters are:

PARAMETER	VALUE RANGE	DESCRIPTION
Mode	CLS & VBE	Classic Phaser & Vibe.
Speed	0 - 10	Controls the rate of the Phaser or Vibe effect.
Depth	0 - 10	Adjusts the depth of the Phaser or Vibe effect.
Regeneration	0 - 10	Adjusts the amount of signal that is fed back to the effect input, which makes the Phaser effect sharper.

FRONT PANEL FUNCTIONS (CONT.)

16. MOD (CONT.)

MODULATION FX



Tremolo

The cool sounding Tremolo effect is created by the signal amplitude being modulated up and down. Tremolo can produce a variety of sonic characteristics from delicate shimmer to heavy Tremolo throb. Tremolo's editable parameters are:

PARAMETER	VALUE RANGE	DESCRIPTION
Mode	VLV & SQR	Valve Tremolo & Square Wave Tremolo.
Speed	0 - 10	Controls the rate of Tremolo oscillation.
Depth	0 - 10	Adjusts the depth of the Tremolo effect.
Skew	-50 to +50	Adjusts the shape of the waveform that is performing the amplitude modulation. The variation of the wave shape across the value range moves between vintage and modern sounding Tremolo.

17. DEL

DEL is short for Delay. Delay FX in a conventional setup can be in stompbox or rack form and often connect via an amplifier's FX loop. When you select DEL the switch's LED will remain lit red for two seconds before flashing to indicate the current Delay tempo. CODE's Delay FX are:

	DELAY TYPES				
Studio	DEL				
Juano					

Studio Delay is a high fidelity delay line. Its longer delay time enables you to layer what you play in up to 4 second loops. Studio Delay's editable parameters are:

PARAMETER	VALUE RANGE	DESCRIPTION
Time	0 - 4000	Controls the Delay repeat time in milliseconds.
Feedback	0 - 10	Adjusts the number of Delay repeats.
Frequency	0 - 10	Adjusts the amount of higher frequency content in the Delay repeats.
Level	0 - 10	Adjusts the level of the Delay effect.

17. DEL (CONT.)

DELAY TYPES

Vintage

Vintage Delay recreates the sound of analogue delays. Vintage Delay's editable parameters are:

DEL

PARAMETER	VALUE RANGE	DESCRIPTION
Time	0 - 4000	Controls the Delay repeat time in milliseconds.
Feedback	0 - 10	Adjusts the number of Delay repeats.
Age	0 - 10	Adjusts the amount 'flutter' and higher frequency roll-off for a more vintage sounding Delay.
Level	0 - 10	Adjusts the volume level of the Delay effect.

Multi

Multi Delay adds a rhythmic repeat for more complex delay patterns. Multi Delay's editable parameters are:

PARAMETER	VALUE RANGE	DESCRIPTION
Time	0 - 4000	Controls the Delay repeat time in milliseconds.
Feedback	0 - 10	Adjusts the number of Delay repeats.
Tap Pattern	1-4	Select from four different Delay repeat patterns
Level	0 - 10	Adjusts the volume level of the Delay effect.

Reverse

Reverse Delay's repeats run backwards. This can add texture and an eerie quality to your sound. Reverse Delay's editable parameters are:

PARAMETER	VALUE RANGE	DESCRIPTION
Time	0 - 4000	Controls the Delay repeat time in milliseconds.
Feedback	0 - 10	Adjusts the number of Delay repeats.
Frequency	0 - 10	Adjusts the amount of higher frequency content in the Delay repeats.
Mix	0 - 10	Adjusts the level of the Delay effect relative to the unaffected signal. As the amount to Delay is increased, the unaffected signal is decreased, and vice versa.

FRONT PANEL FUNCTIONS (CONT.)

17. DEL (CONT.)



Tap Tempo

Set the Delay time by tapping the EDIT selector, or by tapping an assigned button on the optional CODE footcontroller. This enables you to guickly and easily match the Delay time with the tempo of the music you are playing.

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To activate TAP TEMPO:

- Press MOD and DEL Section Switches together.
- The display screen will show the Delay time in milliseconds.
- Either turn the EDIT selector to select the delay time in milliseconds or tap it repeatedly to find your delay time or to match a tempo.
- Press EXIT/STORE once to exit TAP TEMPO and return to the main Preset screen.

The DEL Section Switch LED will flash in time to the current Delay time or tempo when active when active.

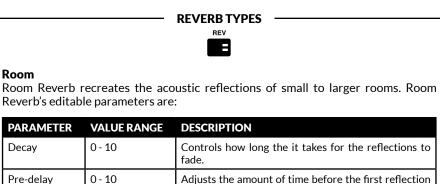
18. REV

Pre-delay

Tone

Level

REV is short for Reverb. Reverb FX in a conventional amplifier setup can be in stompbox form, rack form or integrated within an amplifier. Your CODE's Reverb FX are:



Adjusts the amount of higher frequency content in the

Adjusts the level of the Reverb effect.

0 - 10

is heard.

reflections.

18. REV (CONT.)



Hall

Hall Reverb recreates the longer acoustic reflections of a hall-sized space. Hall Reverb's editable parameters are:

PARAMETER	VALUE RANGE	DESCRIPTION
Decay	0 - 10	Controls how long the it takes for the reflections to fade.
Pre-delay	0 - 10	Adjusts the amount of time before the first reflection is heard.
Tone	0 - 10	Adjusts the amount of higher frequency content in the reflections.
Level	0 - 10	Adjusts the level of the Reverb effect.

Spring

Spring Reverb is a classic, analogue way of creating Reverb FX. Conventional Spring Reverb uses a metal tray containing rows of springs. The guitar signal passes along the springs creating a vintage sounding Reverb effect. Spring Reverb's editable parameters are:

PARAMETER	VALUE RANGE	DESCRIPTION
Decay	0 - 10	Controls how long the it takes for the reflections to fade.
Pre-delay	0 - 10	Adjusts the amount of time before the first reflection is heard.
Tone	0 - 10	Adjusts the amount of higher frequency content in the reflections.
Level	0 - 10	Adjusts the level of the Reverb effect applied to the unaffected signal.

FRONT PANEL FUNCTIONS (CONT.)

18. REV (CONT.)



REV

Stadium

Stadium Reverb recreates the acoustic reflections of a very large space. Stadium Reverb's editable parameters are:

PARAMETER	VALUE RANGE	DESCRIPTION
Decay	0 - 10	Controls how long the it takes for the reflections to fade.
Pre-delay	0 - 10	Adjusts the amount of time before the first reflection is heard.
Tone	0 - 10	Adjusts the amount of higher frequency content in the reflections.
Level	0 - 10	Adjusts the level of the Reverb effect.

19. POWER

This is the section of a conventional amplifier that provides power to drive the speaker(s). The power valves are an integral part of how an all-valve amplifier sounds. MST modelling faithfully recreates the four valve power amps models in CODE:

POWER AMP MODELS		
Classic Marshall 100W Class A/B 100 Watt with EL34 valves.		
PARAMETER	VALUE RANGE	DESCRIPTION
Presence	0 - 10	In a conventional amplifier Presence is a power stage function that adds higher frequency content to the sound.
Resonance	0 - 10	In a conventional amplifier Resonance is a power stage function that adds lower end thud to the sound.

19. POWER (CONT.)

POWER AMP MODELS



Vintage Marshall 30W

Class A/B 30 Watt with 5881 valves.

PARAMETER	VALUE RANGE	DESCRIPTION
Presence	0 - 10	In a conventional amplifier Presence is a power stage function that adds higher frequency content to the sound.
Resonance	0 - 10	In a conventional amplifier Resonance is a power stage function that adds lower end thud to the sound.

British Class A

Class A 30 Watt with EL84 valves.

PARAMETER	VALUE RANGE	DESCRIPTION
Presence	0 - 10	In a conventional amplifier Presence is a power stage function that adds higher frequency content to the sound.
Resonance	0 - 10	In a conventional amplifier Resonance is a power stage function that adds lower end thud to the sound.

American Class A/B

Class A/B 100 Watt with 6L6 valves.

PARAMETER	VALUE RANGE	DESCRIPTION
Presence	0 - 10	In a conventional amplifier Presence is a power stage function that adds higher frequency content to the sound.
Resonance	0 - 10	In a conventional amplifier Resonance is a power stage function that adds lower end thud to the sound.

FRONT PANEL FUNCTIONS (CONT.)

20. CAB

CAB is short for Speaker Cabinet. A cab's speaker configuration and its size play a significant role in the overall sound produced by the whole amplifier setup.

The MST modelled speaker cabinets in your CODE amplifier are faithful recreations of classic Marshall cabs:

CABINET TYPES		
	CAB	
1960	Classic 4 x 12" Celestion G12-T75 speakers.	
1960V	4 x 12" with Celestion 'Vintage 30' speakers.	
1960AX	4 x 12" with Celestion G12M-25 speakers.	
1960HW	4 x 12" with Celestion G12H-30 speakers.	
1936	Classic 2 x 12" Celestion G12-T75 speakers.	
1936V	2 x 12" with Celestion 'Vintage 30' speakers.	
1912	Classic 1 x 12" Celestion G12-B150 speakers.	
1974CX	$1 \times 12^{\circ}$ Handwired with G12M-20 speaker.	

21. EXIT/STORE

While on any screen pressing EXIT/STORE returns you to the main Preset screen.

Press and hold EXIT/STORE while on any screen to QUICK STORE your edited settings. Your edited settings will store over the current Preset and the display will return you to the main Preset screen.



To discover how to store and name a Preset, go to STORING A PRESET in this manual.

22. DISPLAY

The Display Screen shows a Preset's name, number, parameter settings and the tuner display.

EDITING A PRESET

To edit PRE FX, AMP, MOD, DEL, REV, POWER and CAB section settings:

- Hold down the Section Switch that you wish to edit (#14 #20 in this manual) the switch LED will light green.
- The display screen will show the current preamp, FX, power stage or speaker cab.
- Turn the PRESET selector (#8 in this manual) to scroll through the section's preamps, FX, power stages or speaker cabinets.

9 Speaker cabinet models are not editable.

- When you have found the preamp, FX or power stage that you want to edit, push the PRESET selector to begin editing.
- The display screen will show the parameter and its current value.
- To edit the parameter value, turn the PRESET selector.

- To move to the next parameter (if there is one), press the PRESET selector.
- To edit that parameter value, turn the PRESET selector.
- Repeat for all parameters and parameter values of the Sections that you wish to edit.
- When you are happy with your edited Preset you can store it to your CODE amplifier's memory.
- **O** To learn how to store an edited Preset, refer to STORING A PRESET in this manual.
- If you wish exit without storing your edits, press EXIT/STORE (# 21 in this manual). This will return you to the main Preset screen.
- Scroll away from the Preset and it will revert to its last stored settings.
- If you wish to keep your edited settings ensure that you store before moving off that Preset.

STORING A PRESET

To store an edited Preset, Store an edited Preset to a new location, and to rename an edited Preset:

- When you have finished editing, press & hold EXIT/STORE briefly until the Preset name begins to flash.
- If you wish to store your edited Preset to another location, turn the PRESET selector to find a new location, then press & hold EXIT/STORE until STORED appears on the display screen.

Be sure that you want to store to the Preset location that you have selected, as the Preset in that location will be overwritten.

STORING A PRESET (CONT.)

To rename the edited Preset and store to the current location:

- While the Preset name is flashing, press & hold EXIT/STORE again briefly until the Preset name is displayed with the cursor flashing at its first letter
- Turn the PRESET selector to change the letter or character.
- When you have found the letter or character you want, push PRESET to select it. The cursor will automatically move to the next character.
- Repeat until you have renamed the Preset.

The Section Switches act as naming shortcuts:

NAMING SHORTCUTS		
Clear		
Number		
Upper / Lower Case A		
Upper / Lower Case		
Space		
Backspace		
Cancel		

• To complete the store process, press & hold EXIT/STORE once more until STORED appears on the display screen. Your edited Preset has now been stored to CODE's memory.

BLUETOOTH

Pressing REV and POWER Section Switches together (#18 & #19 in this manual) accesses the Bluetooth[®] pairing function:

- The display screen will show 'Bluetooth, pairing enabled' and your CODE amplifier's pairing ID.
- The blue LED on EXIT/STORE (#21 in this manual) will flash while pairing.
- When paired, the blue LED will stop flashing and remain lit.
- When streaming audio, use the MASTER volume control or your music player to set the volume level.

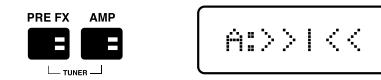
• Audio streamed via Bluetooth will bypass CODE's panel features, with the exception of MASTER volume.

The Marshall Gateway[™] App enables you to control your CODE amplifier remotely and access Marshall Gateway using your iOS/Android device. Download Marshall Gateway now from the App Store or Google Play.



GUITAR TUNER

Pressing the PRE FX and AMP Section Switches (#14 & #15 in this manual) together accesses the guitar TUNER:



- Pluck a string and the note you are playing will display.
- Tune the string until the name of the note you wish to tune to appears on the screen.
- Arrows to the left of the vertical line means the note is flat; arrows to the right of the vertical line means the note is sharp.
- When the arrows disappear, that string is tuned to the displayed note.
- Press EXIT/STORE to exit the Tuner.

FACTORY RESET

Performing a factory reset will return CODE's Presets back to when it was new.

Before performing a factory reset, be sure that you want to overwrite all of your personal Presets.

To perform a factory reset:

- Power OFF the amplifier using the ON/OFF switch (#13 in this manual).
- Whilst holding down the AMP Section Switch, turn the power ON.
- The screen will display a notification that the amplifier is about to be returned to its factory settings.
- If you are sure that you want to perform a factory reset, press and hold the EXIT/STORE switch to confirm.
- If you do not want to restore the factory presets, pressing any other switch will cancel the factory reset operation and boot the amplifier as normal.

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Manufacturer:	Marshall Amplification Plc, Denbigh Road, Bletchley, Milton Keynes, Bucks, United Kingdom MK1 1DQ
Kind of equipment:	Audio Equipment
Type designation:	CODE25, CODE50

We, Marshall Amplification Plc, declare under our sole responsibility that the above listed products complies with the following Directives:

1. EMC Directive 2014/30/EU; 2. Low Voltage Directive (LVD) 2014/35/EU; 3. R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC.

The following harmonised standards have been applied:

1. EMC		• EN 55013:2013 • EN 55020:2007+A11:2011 • EN 61000-3-2:2014 • EN 61000-3-3:2013			
2. LVD		• EN 60065:2014			
3. R&TTE	Health & Safety (Article 3(1)(a))	• EN 62479:2010 • EN 60065:2002 + A1:2006 + A11:2008 + A2:2010 +A12:2011			
	EMC (Article 3(1)(b))	ETSI EN 301 489-1 V1.9.2:2011 ETSI EN 301 489-17 V2.2.1:2012			
	Spectrum (Article 3(2))	• ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1:2015			
Signature: Bary Mar			Name: B. Moon		Date: 2nd May 2016
					CE 16

Name of the responsible party:	Jam Industries USA, LLC		
Address of the responsible party:	1649 Barclay Blvd, Buffalo Grove, IL 60089, United States of America.		
Telephone number of the responsible party:	800-877-6863		
Name of equipment:	MD116D Guitar Amplifiers		
Model No.:	CODE25, CODE50		

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.



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Whilst the information contained herein is correct at the time of publication, due to our policy of constant improvement and development, Marshall Amplification plc reserves the right to alter specifications without prior notice.